

For the Fiscal year Ended March 31, 2023 1st Quarter (April 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022)

## Financial Results

July 29th, 2022 AISIN CORPORATION

## **FYE2023 1st Quarter Results Financial Summary**

FYE2023 1Q Result Revenue increased YoY due to FX impact, regardless of unfavorable OEM production volume caused by the lockdown in Shanghai.

Operating profit decreased YoY due to higher raw material prices and logistics costs, regardless of structural reforms and acceleration of cost reduction activities as planned.

FYE2023 Forecast While it is difficult to forecast how the business environment might change due to factors such as COVID-19 situation, the semiconductor shortage and inflation, We secured our full-year forecast from the previous announcement. We keep accelerating of the resources shift and investment to key areas for the future and the improvement of earning structure through structural reforms, the strengthening response to production volume fluctuations and higher raw material prices.

# Consolidated Financial Result (FYE2023 1st Quarter)

## **FYE2023 1st Quarter Results: Financial Summary**

( ) shows rate to Revenue % [Billion JPY]

			)22 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarte Results	r	FYE2023 1 <sup>st</sup> C Results		Change		Change rate %
Revenu	ıe		977.5	-	997.8	-	-	+20.3	+2.1
Operat	ing Profit		59.8	(6.1)	6.6	(0.7)		-53.2	-89.0
Profit b			69.8	(7.1)	31.4	(3.2)		-38.4	-55.0
Profit for period			46.0	(4.7)	21.6	(2.2)		-24.4	-53.0
P	FX	USD	109	JPY	13	1 јрү	+22	JPY	+20.2
Pre-conditions	Rate	CNY	17.0	JPY	19.	<b>7</b> JPY	+2.7	JPY	+15.9
nditio	Toyota production		226	10,000 unit	21	5 10,000 unit	-11	10,000 unit	-4.8
ons	Powertrain Unit Sales*2 (number of elctrification unit*3)		243 (20)	10,000 unit	229	unit	-14 (+7)	10,000 unit	-5.5

<sup>\*2 :</sup> Total sales of AT, CVT, HEV and eAxle \*3 : Total sales of HEV, eAxle

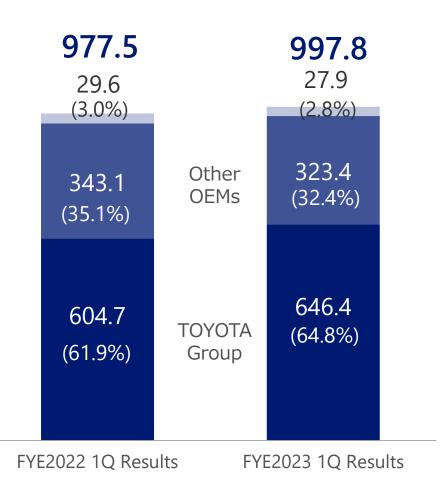


## FYE2023 1st Quarter Revenue by Customer

Mobility

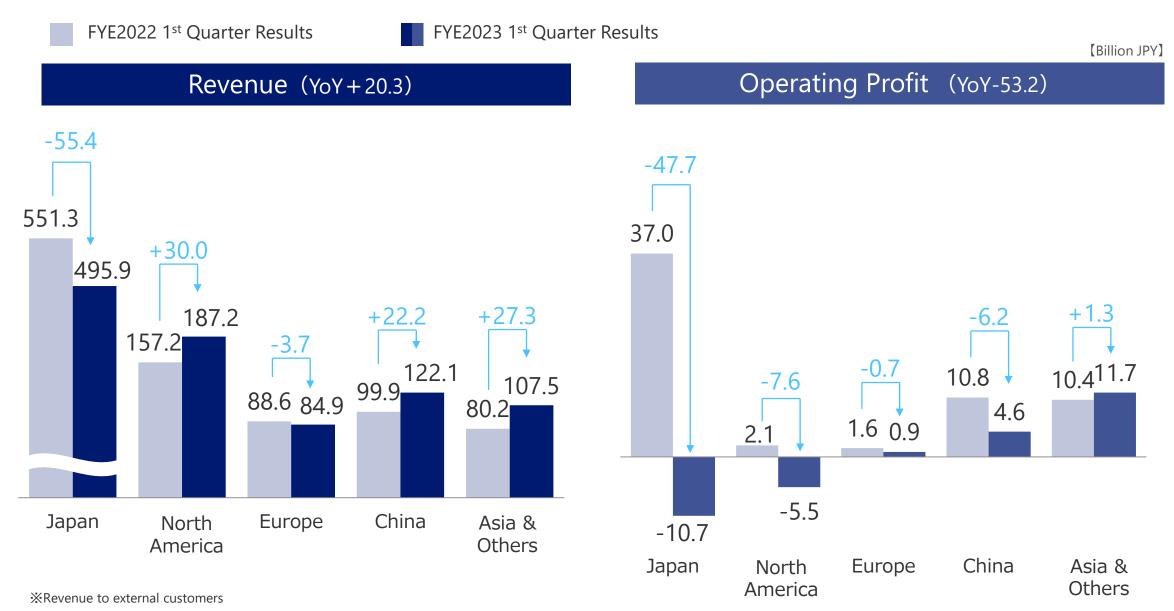
【 Billion JPY 】





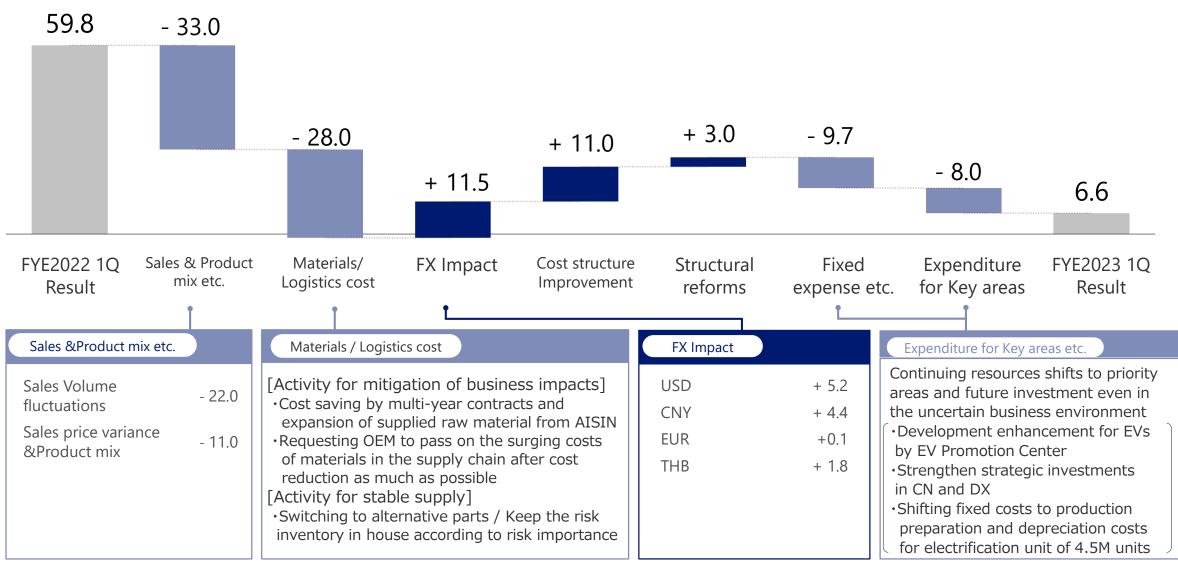
Revenue by Customer (Other OEMs)								
Customer	FYE2022 1Q Results	FYE2023 1Q Results	Change	Change rate (%)				
Stellantis	56.6	64.5	+7.9	+13.9				
VW & Audi	65.7	46.9	-18.8	-28.5				
SUZUKI	27.4	30.5	+3.1	+11.2				
VOLVO	31.6	22.9	-8.7	-27.5				
MITSUBISHI	18.8	15.1	-3.7	-19.6				
NISSAN	12.8	14.2	+1.4	+10.8				
HONDA	16.4	12.4	-4.0	-24.4				
China FAW	9.2	11.6	+2.4	+26.0				
ISUZU	11.5	11.3	-0.2	-1.3				
Guangzhou Automobile	9.6	10.8	+1.2	+12.6				
Others	83.5	83.2	-0.3	-0.4				
Total	343.1	323.4	-19.7	-5.7				
(Reference) Chinese OEMs	44.5	40.2	-4.3	-9.6				

## **FYE2023 1st Quarter Segment Information**



## FYE2023 1st Quarter Analysis of Operating Profit

[Billion JPY]



## (Ref) FYE2023 Forecast Financial Summary (Disclosed on April 28th )

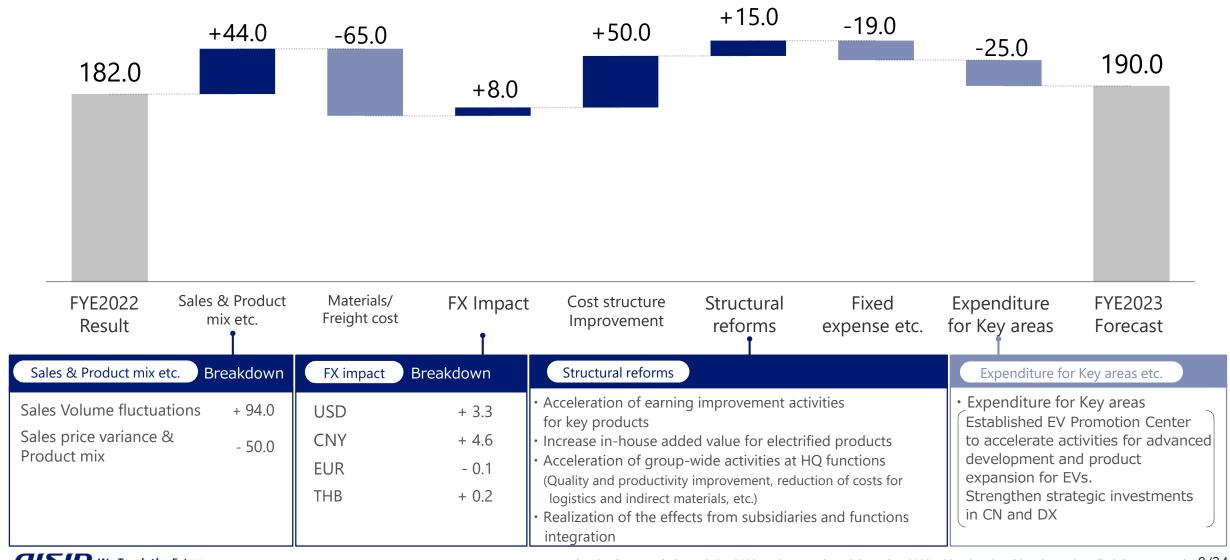
Billion JPY
E2018 ult
8.9 –
3.8 (6.5)
8.1 (6.9)
4.5 (3.4)
111 JPY
6.8 JPY
983 10,000 unit
1

<sup>\*2 :</sup> Total sales of AT, CVT, HEV and eAxle \*3 : Total sales of HEV, eAxle



## (Ref) FYE2023 Analysis of Operating Profit (Disclosed on April 28th )

[ Billion JPY ]





## Adoption of Electric Units [Main new products]



## Toyota's new Crown CROSSOVER RS 2.4L Dual-Boost Hybrid System

The new Crown will offer two types of powertrains with different characteristics. Our products are used in the newly developed dual-boost hybrid system, contributing to the realization of a torquey and pleasant driving experience.

#### • FF 1-motor Hybrid Transmission (NEW)

- •Realization of direct response during driving and a high-quality driving feel
- -High starting responsiveness through the use and control of a newly developed high heat-resistant starting clutch
- High torque assist effect by the combination of AT and drive motor
- Smooth engine start and stop by coordinated control of two clutches
- •Improvement of vehicle mountability through downsizing technology and the electromechanical integration structure
- -Significant reduction in the size of the drive motor by reducing the stator shaft length, cooling of the coil and optimization of the magnet layout
- -Minimize overall length increase by placement of two clutches inside the motor rotor
- ·Reduce new investment by utilizing existing facilities
- -Parts commonization with FF 6-speed AT
- -Mixed flow production with existing 1-motor HEV (8-speed) line

#### eAxle

- ·High power performance and top class electric cost
- Regenerative cooperative braking system
- ·Independent control of front and rear wheel brake pressure
- Increase energy regeneration
   Improved ride comfort and sense of security by vehicle attitude control



Newly Developed FF 1-motor Hybrid Transmission



eAxle



Electric-Controlled Brake System

ESC Modulator

TOYOTA's new Crown CROSSOVER RS features our electric units, etc.



## Adoption of brake related products 1

TOYOTA's h74X to Use our Newly Developed Regenerative Cooperative Braking System



ΤΟΥΟΤΑ ΓΕΖ4ΧΙ (May. 2022~)

Regenerative cooperative braking system

**Electric parking brake** 



**Electric-Controlled Brake System** (Newly developed)



**ESC Modulator** 

-On-demand with high-response electric pump -Increased energy regeneration by independent control of front and rear wheel brake pressure



Electric-Assisted Parking Brake with integrated caliper

Other adopted products

-Front Caliper

-Front and Rear Rotor

Provide optimal braking system that contributes to improved electric cost and comfortable travel

Guangzhou Automobile's new SUV "GS8 Hybrid" to adopt our brakerelated products for the first time



**Guangzhou Automobile** 「GS8 Hybrid」 (Dec.2021~)

Regenerative cooperative braking system

**Electric parking brake** 



**Electric-Controlled Brake System** 



**ESC Modulator** 



Electric-Assisted Parking Brake with integrated caliper

Accelerate sales expansion of products that respond to the electrification of the Chinese market

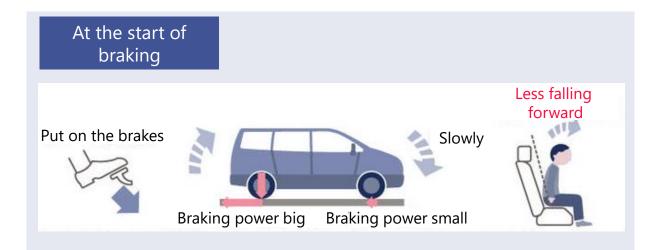
## **Adoption of brake related products 2**



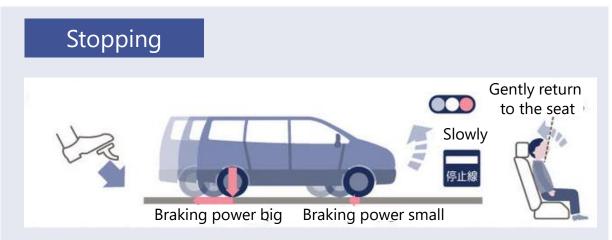
### KINTO FACTORY "NAMERAKA (Smooth) Brake" to use brake control technology

- ·Vehicle motion control by optimally controlling brakes, etc. through advanced software design
- •Analyzes the impact on the driver and passengers, and optimizes braking force to reduce driving fatigue and car sickness.

#### **Brake Control Mechanism adopted by NAMERAKA Brake**



Optimal control of the brake balance of the front and rear wheels to prevent the passenger from falling forward at the start of braking.



Smooth stopping by brake control to suppress the clunking sensation when stopping.

## Providing new value through software to improve vehicle comfort





## Revenue Details (FYE2023 1Q Result · FYE2023 Forecast)

( ) shows composition ratio [Billion JPY]

		FYE2022 1Q Results		FYE2023 1Q Result		Change	%
	Powertrain	548.5	(56.1)	575.4	(57.7)	+26.9	+4.9
Mobility	Chassis & Vehicle Safety systems	184.7	(18.9)	200.9	(20.1)	+16.2	+8.8
bii:	Body	189.8	(19.4)	175.3	(17.6)	-14.5	-7.6
4	CSS* & Others	24.8	(2.6)	18.1	(1.8)	-6.7	-27.0
		947.9	(97.0)	969.8	(97.2)	+21.9	+2.3
Energy	Solutions and others	29.6	(3.0)	27.9	(2.8)	-1.7	-5.5
Total		977.5	(100.0)	997.8	(100.0)	+20.3	+2.1
			(:00.0)	337.0	(10010)		· <b>·</b>
		FYE2022 Results	(10010)	FYE2023 Forecasts		Change	%
	Powertrain	FYE2022	(57.0)	FYE2023			
	Powertrain Chassis & Vehicle Safety systems	FYE2022 Results		FYE2023 Forecasts (Disclosed on Apr 28	th)	Change	%
	Chassis & Vehicle	FYE2022 Results 2,234.3	(57.0)	FYE2023 Forecasts (Disclosed on Apr 28) 2,535.0	th) (57.0)	Change +300.7	+13.5
Mobility	Chassis & Vehicle Safety systems	FYE2022 Results 2,234.3 766.7	(57.0) (19.6)	FYE2023 Forecasts (Disclosed on Apr 28) 2,535.0 907.0	(57.0) (20.4)	Change +300.7 +140.3	% +13.5 +18.3
	Chassis & Vehicle Safety systems Body	FYE2022 Results 2,234.3 766.7 714.5	(57.0) (19.6) (18.3)	FYE2023 Forecasts (Disclosed on Apr 28) 2,535.0 907.0 807.0	(57.0) (20.4) (18.1)	Change +300.7 +140.3 +92.5	+13.5 +18.3 +12.9

<sup>\*</sup> CSS: Connected and Sharing Solutions



## **CAPEX / Depreciation / R&D**

【Billion JPY】

	By Business	FYE2022 1Q Resullt	FYE2023 1Q Resullt	FYE2022 Result	FYE2023 Forecast (Disclosed on Apr 28th)
	Powertrain	16.6	18.6	96.7	125.0
CAPEX	Chassis & Vehicle Safety systems	6.6	7.3	46.6	49.0
PE	Body	13.3	6.6	31.9	35.5
×	CSS* & Others	11.5	4.9	43.5	50.5
		Total 48.0	37.4	218.7	260.0
	Powertrain	33.4	36.2	138.3	143.5
Depre	Chassis & Vehicle Safety systems	7.7	9.6	34.8	39.5
Depreciation	Body	8.2	8.4	29.8	34.0
	CSS* & Others	10.0	10.9	42.3	43.0
		Total 59.3	65.1	245.2	260.0
	Powertrain	18.9	21.0	82.0	85.0
R&D expenditure	Chassis & Vehicle Safety systems	6.6	12.5	48.1	52.0
R&D endit	Body	11.1	8.5	28.8	34.0
enre	CSS* & Others	8.4	9.5	35.2	39.0
		Total 45.0	51.5	194.1	210.0

<sup>\*</sup> CSS: Connected and Sharing Solutions



## **FYE2023 1Q Segment by Region**

**[Billion JPY]** 

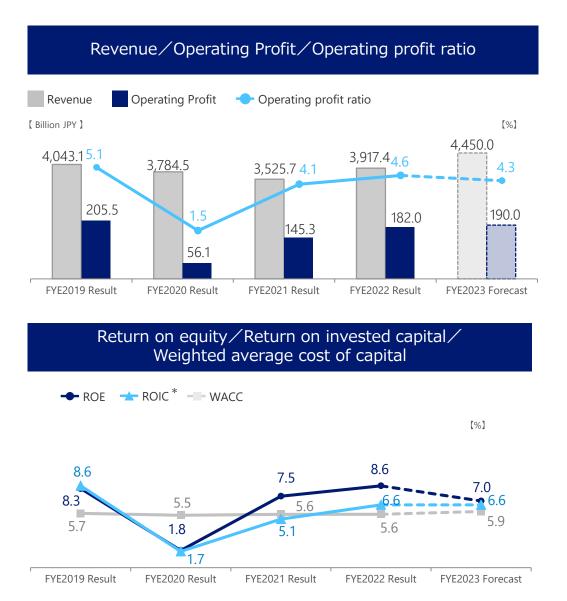
	Region	FYE2022 1Q Results	FYE2023 1Q Results	Change	FX	Others
	Japan	551.3	495.9	-55.4	-	-55.4
-	North America	157.2	187.2	+30.0	+29.0	+1.0
Revenue	Europe	88.6	84.9	-3.7	+3.5	-7.2
ent	China	99.9	122.1	+22.2	+16.5	+5.7
Je	Asia & Others	80.2	107.5	+27.3	+11.0	+16.3
	Total	977.5	997.8	+20.3	+60.0	-39.7
_	Japan	37.0	-10.7	-47.7	+11.0	-58.7
<del>ф</del>	North America	2.1	-5.5	-7.6	-0.8	-6.8
<u>e</u>	Europe	1.6	0.9	-0.7	+0.0	-0.7
Operating	China	10.8	4.6	-6.2	+0.6	-6.8
g p	Asia & Others	10.4	11.7	+1.3	+0.7	+0.6
profit	Elimination	-2.3	5.5	+7.8	-	+7.8
	Total	59.8	6.6	-53.2	+11.5	-64.7

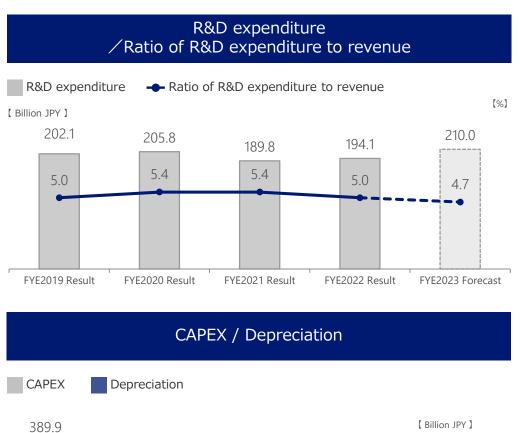
## FYE2023 Segment by Region (Disclosed on Apr 28th)

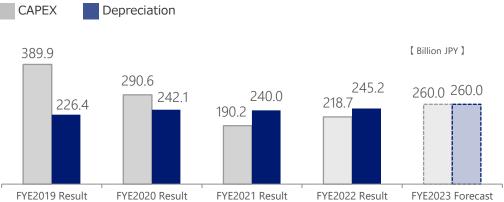
**[Billion JPY]** 

Region		FYE2022	FYE2023	Change			
		Results	Forecasts	Change	FX	Others	
	Japan	2,172.1	2,320.0	+147.9	-	+147.9	
77	North America	585.7	700.0	+114.3	+17.3	+97.0	
~ev	Europe	332.3	400.0	+67.7	-0.2	+67.9	
Revenue	China	456.9	630.0	+173.1	+21.2	+151.9	
Je	Asia & Others	370.2	400.0	+29.8	+8.7	+21.1	
	Total	3,917.4	4,450.0	+532.6	+47.0	+485.6	
	Japan	116.5	97.0	-19.5	+6.7	-26.2	
Opo	North America	-16.6	1.0	+17.6	+0.0	+17.6	
era	Europe	5.1	7.0	+1.9	+0.0	+1.9	
Operating	China	34.9	45.0	+10.1	+1.2	+8.9	
	Asia & Others	48.8	40.0	-8.8	+0.1	-8.9	
profit	Elimination	-6.8	_	+6.8	-	+6.8	
	Total	182.0	190.0	+8.0	+8.0	-0.0	

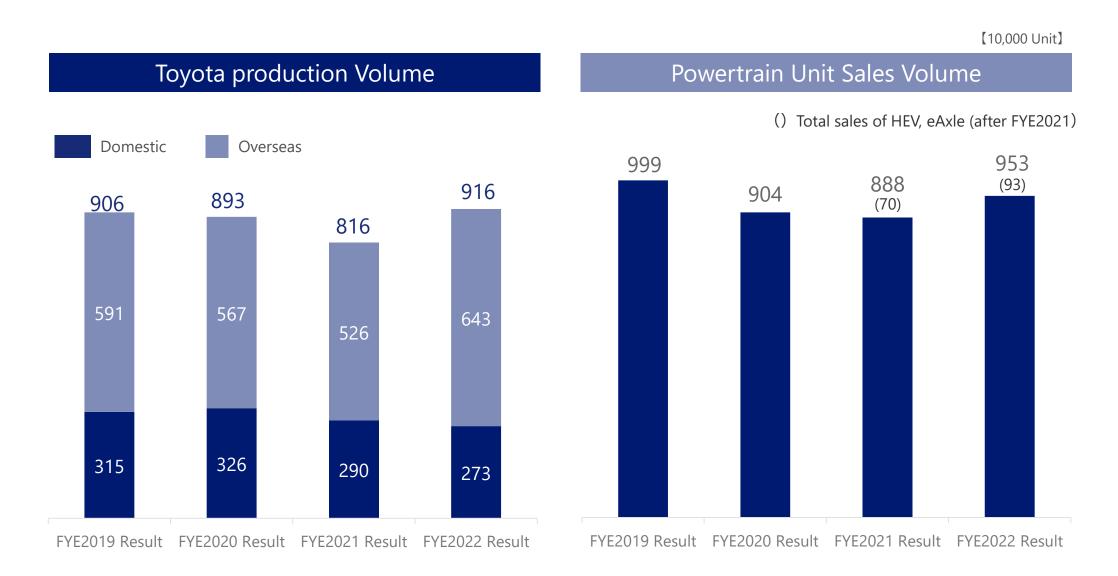
## **Highlights of Financial Performance**



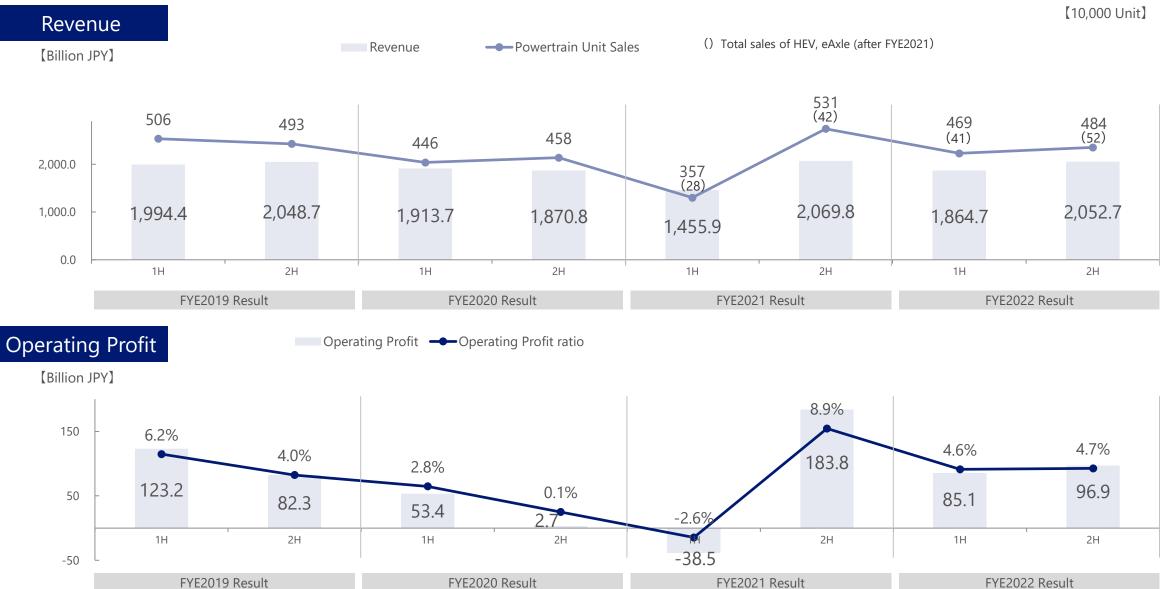




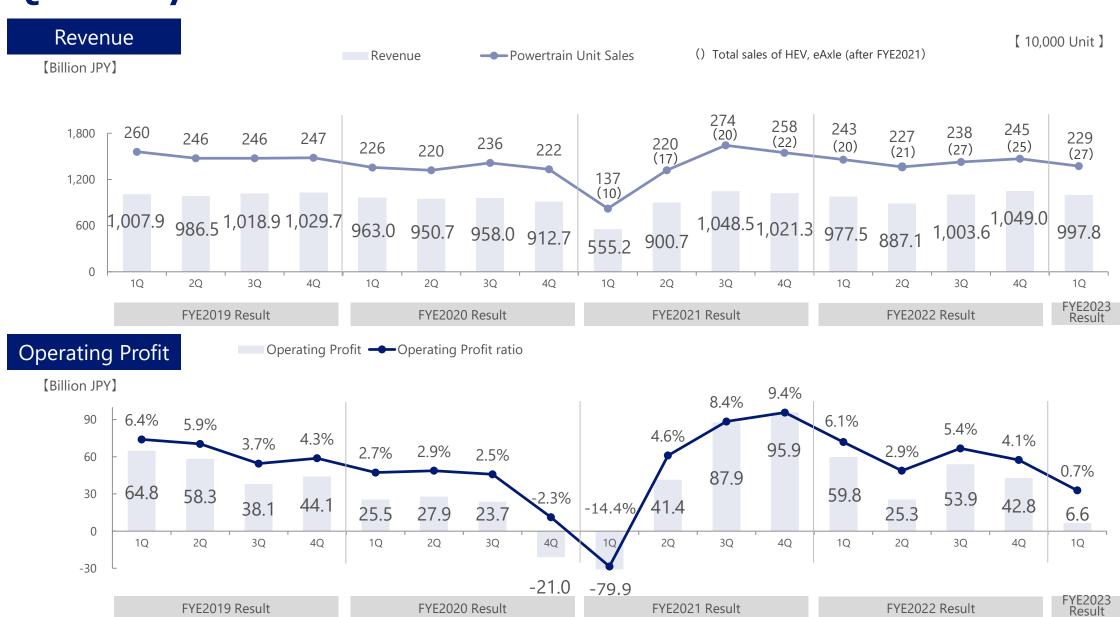
## **Toyota production/Powertrain Unit Sales**



## **Half Yearly Performance**

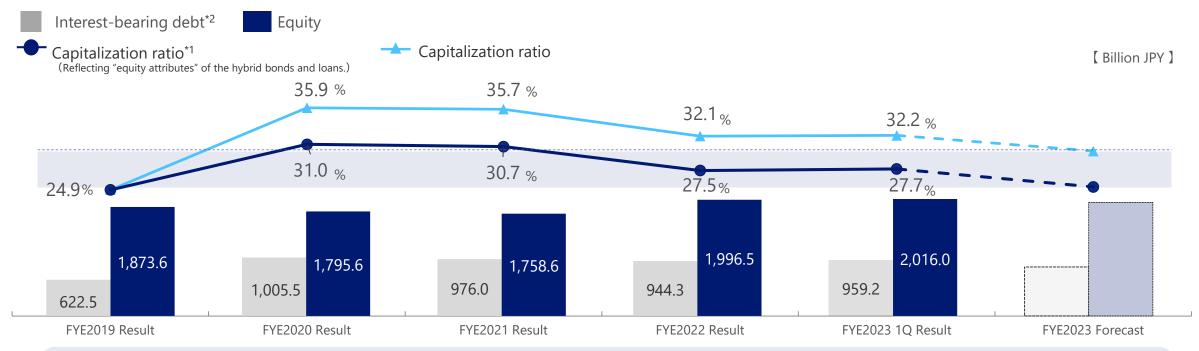


## **Quarterly Performance**



## **Capital policy**

Our core capital policy is to maximize corporate value by maintaining the balance between "financial safety" and "capital efficiency". We regard capitalization ratio\*1 as an important financial index to assess our capital structure, and believe the ratio from 25% to 30% represents optimal balance.



The capitalization ratio increased due to financing for AW's stock buy-back (FYE2020), however, following that period we improved it through reducing interest-bearing debt. On June 2022, the capitalization ratio increased due to exchange conversion of interest-bearing debt in foreign currency.

<sup>\*3:50%</sup> of the balance of hybrid procurement (272.5 billion JPY) is considered as capital on the rating.

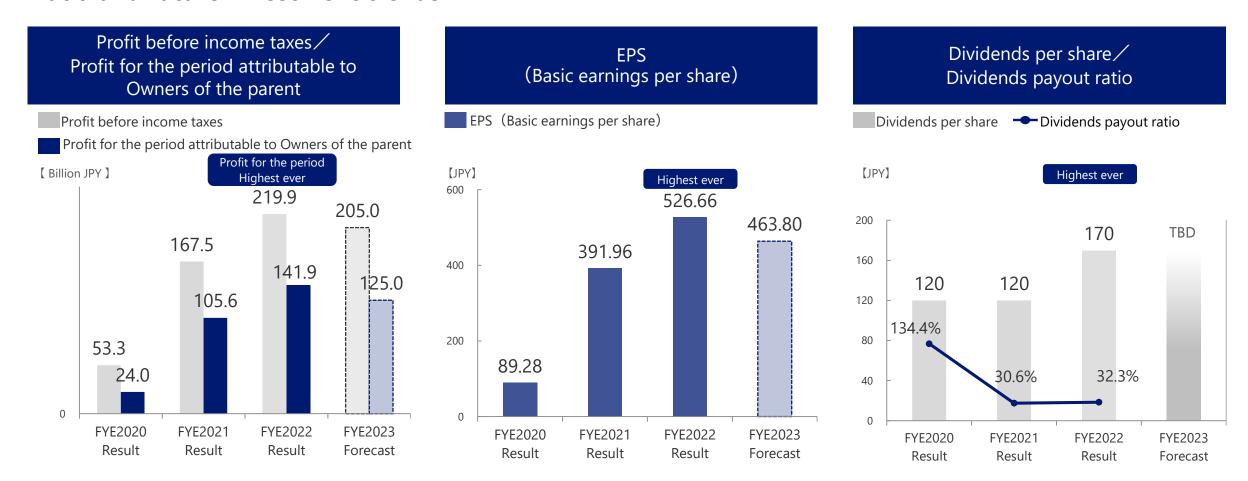


<sup>\*1 :</sup> Capitalization ratio (cap ratio) = Interest-bearing debt/(Interest-bearing debt + Equity)

<sup>\*2 :</sup> Interest-bearing debt =Bonds and loans payable + Lease liabilities

#### **Return to Shareholders**

Our "Return to shareholders" policy is to achieve steady dividend payout with a dividend payout ratio of around 30%. We also consider to repurchase Treasury Stock based on our capitalization ratio and future investment trends.





#### [Note on future predictions ]

Excluding matters related to past and current facts, the business results forecasts and forward-looking estimates, strategies and targets disclosed by the Company are estimates regarding the future. These estimates are formulated from plans, expectations and judgments made based on information that the Company can obtain at the present time, and certain assumptions deemed reasonable. Accordingly, actual results may vary from the disclosed business results forecasts, etc., due to variable factors with uncertainties, including the economic situation.

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